PONGSAN		SDS (SAFETY DATA SHEET)		
PS-SDS-20			AA07087-000000041	2022. 06. 29
Product name			P1806	
SECTION 1		Identification of	of the substance or mixture and of the supplier	
A. product name * Product Specification		P1806 (Contain C18060	: Tin plating material)	
B. Recommended use of the	e chemical and res	strictions on use		
* Recommended use		Lead Frame, Te	rminal, Electricity, Other Parts	
* Restrictions on use		Not available		
C. Manufacturer / Importer	/ Distributor Infor	mation		
* Company name		Poongsan Ulsar	n Plant	
* Address		94 Sanam-ro O)nsan-eup, Ulju-gun, Ulsan	
* Emergency phone num	nber	+82) 52 - 231 -	- 9114 (representative telephone), FAX: +82) 52 - 2	31 - 9400
* Department in charge		Quality Assurar	nce Team	
SECTION 2 A. GHS classification of the	substance/mixture	Hazards identi Carcinogenicity Acute aquatic t Chronic aquatic	fication	
B GHS label elements inclu	idina precautionar	v statements		
* Pictogram and symbol	iung precautional		^	
			¥2	
* Signal word		Danger		
* Hazard statements		H350 May caus	se cancer	
		H400 Very toxic	c to aquatic life	
		H410 Very toxic	c to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
* Precautionary statemer	nts			
- Precaution		P201 Obtain sp	becial instructions before use.	
		P202 Do not ha	andle until all safety precautions have been read ar	nd understood.
		P273 AVOID rele	$n_{1} = n_{1} = n_{1$	
		P280 Wear pro	ease to the environment.	and the strength of the second second
Treatment		protection	tective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/fa	ce protection/hearing
- meatment	- Treatment		tective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/fa	ce protection/hearing
		P391 Collect sp	tective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/fa n. pillage.	ce protection/hearing
Storage		P391 Collect sp P308+P313 IF e	tective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/fa n. pillage. exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention	ce protection/hearing n.
- Storage - Disposal		P308+P313 IF e P405 Store lock	tective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/fa n. billage. exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention ked up.	ce protection/hearing n.
- Storage - Disposal		P391 Collect sp P308+P313 IF e P405 Store lock P501 Dispose c	tective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/fa n. billage. exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention ked up. of contents/container to an approved waste disposa	ce protection/hearing n. al plant.

an explosion when in contact with an ignition source

SECTION 3		Composition/information on ing	gredients	
Alloy no.	Chemical Name	Common Name(Synonyms)	CAS number	Content (%)
C18060	Copper	-	7440-50-8	Balance
	Cobalt	-	7440-48-4	0.01~0.15

	Chromium	-	7440-47-3	0.2~0.4

% The products may contain small amounts of various elements in those specified, and are actually composed of copper, cobalt, chromium, tin, magnesium, silicon and unintended impurities.

SECTION 4	First aid measures
A. Eye contact	Call emergency medical service.
	In case of contact with substance, wipe from skin immediately; flush skin or eyes with
	running water for at least 20 minutes.
	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
B. Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and restrict entry to contaminated area. In case of contact with substance, wipe from skin immediately; flush skin or eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes.
C. Inhalation	Keep victim warm and quiet.
	Get medical advice/attention.
	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
D. Ingestion	Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Get medical advice/attention.
	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
E. Indication of immediate medical attention	Effects of contact or inhalation may be delayed.
	Exposures require specialized first aid with contact and medical follow-up.
SECTION 5	Fire fighting measures
A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for
media	dry sand, expanded vermiculite, expanded pearlite, water spray etc.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media : high pressure water
B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical	May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames.
	Containers may explode when heated.
	Inhalation of material may be harmful.
C. Special protective equipment and	Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
precautions for fire-fighters	Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution.
	Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material.
	Fire involving Tanks; Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
	devices or discoloration of tank
	In case or fire: Lise personal protective equipment as required
	Fire involving Tanks; Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.
SECTION 6	Accidental release measures
A. Personal precautions, protective equipment	Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in Protective Equipment section.
and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.
	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
B. Environmental precautions and protective procedures	Prevent entry to waterways
C. The methods of purification and removal	Absorb spills with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste
	Absorb the liquid and scrub the area with detergent and water
	Avoid release to the environment.
	Collect spillage.

SECTION 7

Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use.		
	Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues.		
	Avoid release to the environment.		
	Please note that materials and conditions to avoid.		
	Please work with reference to engineering controls and personal protective equipment.		
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.		
	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.		
	Wash the handling area thoroughly after handling.		
B. Conditions for safe storage	Store locked up.		
	Store in a closed container.		
	Store in cool and dry place.		
	Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly returned to a drum control, or properly placed.		
	Keep away from food and drinking water.		

SECTION 8

Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational Exposure limits * Domestic regulations

	mestie regalations	
	Copper	TWA 1mg/m ³ , STEL 2mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
		TWA 0.1mg/m ³ (fume)
	Cobalt	TWA 0.02mg/m ³
	Chromium	TWA : 0.05mg/m ³ (chromic acid)
		TWA : 0.5mg/m ³ (chrome compound)
* AC	GIH regulation	
	Copper	TWA 0.2mg/m ³ (fume)
		TWA 1mg/m ³ (metal dust)

		IWA 1mg/m [°] (metal dust)
	Cobalt	TWA 0.02mg/m ³
	Chromium	TWA 0.5mg/m ³
* Bio	ological exposure index	
	Cobalt	15 μg/L, End of shift at end of workweek

B. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide local exhaust ventilation system or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

C. Personal protective equipment

* Respiratory protection	Wear NIOSH or European Standard EN 149 approved full or half face piece (with goggles) respiratory protective equipment when necessary.
	In case exposed to particulate material, the respiratory protective equipments as follow are recommended. ; facepiece filtering respirator or air-putifying respirator, high-efficiency
	particulate air(HEPA) filter media or respirator equipped with powered fan, filter media of use(dust, fume)
	In lack of oxygen(< 19.6%), wear the supplied-air respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus.
* Eye protection	Wear safety goggles as follow if eye irritation or other disorder occur.
	- In case of gaseous state organic material: enclosed safety goggles
	 In case of vapour state organic material: safety goggles or breathable safety goggles In case of particulate material: breathable safety goggles
	An eve wash unit and safety shower station should be available nearby work place.
* Hand protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves by considering physical and chemical properties of chemicals.
* Body protection	Wear appropriate protective clothing by considering physical and chemical properties of chemicals.
	Dhysical and chamical proportios
* Description	Calid
* Calar	Ded
CUIUI	

B. Odor

Odorless

C. Odor threshold	Not available(No Data)
D. pH	Not available(No Data)
E. Melting point/freezing point	1081 ℃
F. Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available(No Data)
G. Flash point	Not available(No Data)
H. Evaporation rate	Not available(No Data)
I. Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available(No Data)
J. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available(No Data)
K. Vapor pressure	Not available(No Data)
L. Solubility (ies)	Insoluble
M. Vapor density	Not available(No Data)
N. Specific gravity	8.9 (water=1)
O. Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	Not available(No Data)
P. Auto ignition temperature	Not available(No Data)
Q. Decomposition temperature	Not available(No Data)
R. Viscosity	Not available(No Data)
S. Molecular weight	Not available(No Data)
SECTION 10 A. Chemical stability and Possibility of hazardous reactions	Stability and reactivityMay decompose at high temperatures into forming toxic gases.Stable at room temperature, normal pressure and normal use.Inhalation of material may be harmful.Containers may explode when heated.
B. Conditions to avoid	Ignition sources (heat, sparks or flames)
C. Incompatible materials	Flammable material, acids, oxidizing agents, alkalis
D. Hazardous decomposition products	Irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases

Toxicological information

SECTION 11 A. Information of Health Hazardous

* Acute toxicity

- Oral	ATEmix >2000 (mg/kg) → Not classified
Copper	LD50 >2500mg/kg rat(male)(OECD Guideline 423)(read-aross: Copper oxide)(ECHA)
Cobalt	LD50 ca. 550 mg/kg rat(female)(OECD Guideline 425)(ECHA)
Chromium	LD50 >5000mg/kg bw rat(OECD Guideline 420)(read-aross:Chromium(III) oxide)(ECHA)
- Dermal	ATEmix >2000 (mg/kg) \rightarrow Not classified
Copper	LD50 >2000mg/kg rat(OECD Guideline 402)(read-aross: Copper oxide)(ECHA)
Cobalt	LD50 >2000 mg/kg rat(read-across: Cobalt(II) 4-oxopent-2-en-2-olate CAS No. 14024-48-7)
	(ECHA)
Chromium	Not available(No Data)
- Inhalation	Dust/mist ATEmix >1 (mg/L) \rightarrow Not classified
Copper	Dust/mist LC50 > 5.11mg/L 4hr rat (OECD Guideline 436)(Coated copper flakes)(ECHA)

Cobalt	Dust/mist LC50 < 0.05mg/L 4hr rat (OECD Guideline 436)(ECHA)
Chromium	LC50 >5.41 mg/L 4hr rat (OECD Guideline 403)(ECHA)
* Skin corrosion/ irritation	Not classified
Copper	No irritation observed (Species: rabbit) (OECD Guideline 404) (read-aross: Copper oxide)
	(ECHA)
Cobalt	Not classified as an irritant (EU Method B.46)(ECHA)
Chromium	Not classified as an irritant (species : rabbit) (read-across: Chromium oxide)(OECD Guideline
	404)(FCHA)
* Serious eve damage/ irritation	Not classified
Copper	No irritation observed (Species: rabbit) (OECD Guideline 405) (read-aross: Copper oxide)
copper	
Cabalt	(LCTIN)
Cobait	(CODAL powder is considered to be an eye initiant.(CECD Guideline 437, EO method 6.47)
Charamium	
Chromium	Not classified as an irritant (species : rabbit) (read-across: Chromium oxide)(OECD Guideline
	405)(ECHA)
* Respiratory sensitization	Not available(No Data)
* Skin sensitization	Not classified
Copper	Not sensitizing (species: guinea pig) (OECD Guideline 406) (analog: Copper oxide) (ECHA)
Cobalt	Not available(No Data)
Chromium	Not sensitizing (species: mouse)(read-across: Chromium (III) oxide CAS NO 1308-38-9) (ECHA)
* Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
- OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH	Not classified
ACT	
- Notification of Ministry of Employment	Cobalt: 2
and Labor	Chromium: 1A
- IARC	Cobalt: 2B
	Chromium: 3
- OSHA	Not classified
	Cobalt: A3
Acom	Chromium: AA
	Not classified
	Not classified
- NTP - EU CLP	Not classified Not classified
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity	Not classified Not classified in vitre, gang mutation study in bostorio results :
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper	Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NFC ATIV///Capacian Capacity To 100 and Capacity Capacit
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1520(OFCC id-life) 4711/55(UA)(and second classes belots exectly obtained and second classes)
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA)
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate
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- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well correlated with dose level, hence are of questionable biological relevance(Species:
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well correlated with dose level, hence are of questionable biological relevance(Species: S. typhimurium TA 98)
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt	Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well correlated with dose level, hence are of questionable biological relevance(Species: S. typhimurium TA 98) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus : NEGATIVE
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt	Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well correlated with dose level, hence are of questionable biological relevance(Species: S. typhimurium TA 98) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus : NEGATIVE (Species: mouse)(read-across: Chromium(III) oxide)(ECHA)
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt Chromium * Reproductive toxicity	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well correlated with dose level, hence are of questionable biological relevance(Species: S. typhimurium TA 98) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus : NEGATIVE (Species: mouse)(read-across: Chromium(III) oxide)(ECHA) Not classified
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt Chromium * Reproductive toxicity Copper	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well correlated with dose level, hence are of questionable biological relevance(Species: S. typhimurium TA 98) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus : NEGATIVE (Species: mouse)(read-across: Chromium(III) oxide)(ECHA) Not classified As a result of the second generation reproductive toxicity test, no reproductive toxicity was
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt Chromium * Reproductive toxicity Copper	Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well correlated with dose level, hence are of questionable biological relevance(Species: S. typhimurium TA 98) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus : NEGATIVE (Species: mouse)(read-across: Chromium(III) oxide)(ECHA) Not classified As a result of the second generation reproductive toxicity test, no reproductive toxicity was observed at any concentration (species: rat) (OECD Guideline 416)
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt Chromium * Reproductive toxicity Copper	Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well correlated with dose level, hence are of questionable biological relevance(Species: S. typhimurium TA 98) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus : NEGATIVE (Species: mouse)(read-across: Chromium(III) oxide)(ECHA) Not classified As a result of the second generation reproductive toxicity test, no reproductive toxicity was observed at any concentration (species: rat) (OECD Guideline 416) (read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8) (FCHA)
- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt Chromium * Reproductive toxicity Copper	Not classified Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well correlated with dose level, hence are of questionable biological relevance(Species: S. typhimurium TA 98) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus : NEGATIVE (Species: mouse)(read-across: Chromium(III) oxide)(ECHA) Not classified As a result of the second generation reproductive toxicity test, no reproductive toxicity was observed at any concentration (species: rat) (OECD Guideline 416) (read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8) (ECHA) As a result of the developmental toxicity test, the mean fetal weight was slightly lower and the
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- NTP - EU CLP * Mutagenicity Copper Cobalt Chromium * Reproductive toxicity Copper Cobalt Copper	Not classified Not classified in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results : NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA) in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well correlated with dose level, hence are of questionable biological relevance(Species: S. typhimurium TA 98) in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus : NEGATIVE (Species: mouse)(read-across: Chromium(III) oxide)(ECHA) Not classified As a result of the second generation reproductive toxicity test, no reproductive toxicity was observed at any concentration (species: rat) (OECD Guideline 416) (read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8) (ECHA) As a result of the developmental toxicity test, the mean fetal weight was slightly lower and the incidence of skeletal mutation was slightly increased, but was not related to teratogenesis, preimplantation loss, or fetal death 6 mg/kg (Species: rabbit) (OECD Guideline 414) (read-across: copper (1+) hydroxide CAS No. 1344-69-0) (ECHA) Effects on the reproduction / Effects on the development of the conceptus and the F1-offspring (pups): An increased F1-offspring mortality rate and a slightly decreased viability index were noted from 100 mg cobalt powder/kg by/day onwards (species: rat) (O

	even at the highest dose tested.(species: rat)(read-across: Chromium(III) oxide) (ECHA)
* Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified
(single exposure)	

(0	igie expectate)	
	Copper	As a result of the dermal acute toxicity test, no clinical signs indicative of harmful or serious
		toxicity were observed, no deaths were found
		(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate) (ECHA)
	Cobalt	Not available(No Data)
	Chromium	Not available(No Data)
- 1		

* Specific target organ toxicity Not classified

(repeat	exposure)
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Copper	Oral (subchronic)- LOAELs for liver damage were 1000 ppm (cancer) and 2000 ppm (male),
	and results for kidney damage were considered toxicologically insignificant due to their
	species-specific tendencies (species: rat). (EU Method B.26)
	(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8) (ECHA)
	Inhalation (subacute)- Not classified as no serious effects were observed as a result of the test
	(Species: rat) (OECD Guideline 412) (read-across: Copper oxide) (ECHA)
Cobalt	Oral- NOAEL 3 mg/kg bw/day (species: rat)(OECD Guideline 408)(read-across: Cobalt
	dichloride CAS No. 7646-79-9)(ECHA)
Chromium	Oral- no signs of toxicity were observed (read-across: Chromium(III) oxide) (ECHA)
	Inhalation- Mild inflammatory reactions were observed in male and female rats already
	at the lowest exposure level (read-across: Chromium(III) oxide) (ECHA)
* Aspiration Hazard	Not available(No Data)

SECTION 12

A. Ecological toxicity

* Fish	
Copper	LC50 38.4~256.2µg/L 96hr Pimephales promelas
	(read-across: copper sulfate CAS No. 7758-98-7)(ECHA)
Cobalt	NOEC 2 mg/L 96hr Danio rerio (ECHA)
Chromium	Not available(No Data)
* Crustacean	
Copper	EC50 31.8µg/L 48hr Ceriodaphnia dubia(ECHA)
Cobalt	EC50 > 100 mg/L 48hr (Daphnia magna)(OECD Guideline 202, EU Method C.2)(ECHA)
Chromium	Not available(No Data)
* Algae	
Copper	EC50 32~245µg/L 72hr Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
	(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA)
Cobalt	EC50 20, 270 µg/L 70hr Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata(OECD Guideline 201, EU Method C.3)
	(ECHA)
Chromium	Not available(No Data)

Ecological information

B. Persistence and degradability

* Persistence * Degradability	Not available(No Data) Not available(No Data)
C. Bioaccumulative potential * Bioaccumulation * Biodegradation	Not available(No Data) Not available(No Data)
D. Mobility in soil	Not available(No Data)

E. Other hazardous effect

ſ	Copper	Fish: NOEC 57.8, 109µg/L 96hr 32day Cyprinodon variegatus (OECD Guideline 210)
		(read-across: Copper (II) chloride dihydrate CAS No. 10125-13-0)(ECHA)
		Crustacean: NOEC 21.5~181µg/L 21day Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 211)
		(read-across: Copper sulphate CAS No. 7758-98-7)(ECHA)
		Algae: NOEC 37.6~170.8µg/L 72hr Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
		(read-across: copper chloride)(OECD Guideline 201)(ECHA)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental

control regulations.

B. Disposal precaution

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulation. Refer to manufacturer or supplier for information on recovery or recycling.

SECTION 14	Transport information
A. UN Number	Not regulated
B. UN Proper shipping name	Not regulated
C. Transport Hazard class	Not regulated
D. Packing group	Not regulated
E. Environmental hazards	Not regulated
F. Special precautions * in case of fire	Not regulated

* in case of leakage

SECTION 15

Regulatory information

A. U.S.A Regulatory information & Other regulations * USA Regulatory information

0.S.A Regulatory information	
- U.S.A management information	Copper(2270 kg (5000 lb))
(CERCLA Regulation)	Chromium(2270 kg (5000 lb))
- U.S.A management information	Not regulated
(EPCRA 302 Regulation)	
- U.S.A management information	Not regulated
(EPCRA 304 Regulation)	
- U.S.A management information	Copper(regulated)
(EPCRA 313 Regulation)	
* Other regulations	
- Substance of Rotterdam Convention	Not regulated
- Substance of Stockholm Convention	Not regulated
- Substance of Montreal Protocol	Not regulated
- Harmonised classification	Copper(Aquatic Chronic 2(H411))
- Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No	Cobalt(Resp. Sens. 1, Muta. 2, Carc. 1B Skin Sens. 1, Aquatic Chronic 4, Repr. 1B)
1272/2008 (CLP Regulation)	

SECTION 16 Other information A. Information source and references CAMEO Chemicals (steam pressure)

	ECHA (Generative toxicity, crustaceans, epigrams, percutaneous, other harmful effects, melting points/fish points, reproductive cell mutation, severe eye damage or irritation, fish, spontaneous combustion temperature, algae, specific target organ toxicity (repetitive exposure), dermatologic toxicity, skin corrosion or irritation, inhalation) ECHA Registered substances(Weight, characteristics) EPISUITE(Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (kow)) HSDB(Odor, color, initial boiling point and boiling point range)) ICSC(solubility) pubchem(molecular weight) Self test analysis data (Ulsan site Quality Assurance Team)
B. Issuing date	March 25, 2022
C. Revision number and date	
* revision number	Ver. 1
* date of the latest revision	June 29, 2022
D. Others	This Material Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared according to the GHS (Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals) standards of Korea. This data does not guarantee product quality, but describes safety, health and environmental

issues for handling under normal conditions. If the properties of the product are changed due to heating or processing according to the usage method, please check the additional safety and health information before use.

In addition, this information may be revised without prior notice, and materials can be provided through our website (www.poongsan.co.kr).

For other details, please contact our Safety Environment Team or Quality Assurance Team.