		1		
POONGSAN		SDS (SAFETY DATA SHEET)		
PS-SDS-26 1			AA07087-000000042	2022. 06. 29
Product name			P64	
SECTION 1		Identification o	f the substance or mixture and of the sumplier	
			f the substance or mixture and of the supplier in plating material)	
-		C64850		
B. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use				
* Recommended use * Restrictions on use		Lead Frame, Ter Not available	minal, Electricity, Other Parts	
* Restrictions on use		NOT AVAIIADIE		
C. Manufacturer / Importer ,	/ Distributor Inform		Direct	
* Company name * Address		Poongsan Ulsan 94 Sanam-ro Or	Plant ısan-eup, Ulju-gun, Ulsan	
* Emergency phone num	ber		9114 (representative telephone), FAX: +82) 52 - 23	31 - 9400
* Department in charge		Quality Assuran		
* This products are solid r	metallic products	which do genera	ally constitute a non hazardous materials in solid	ı
	-	-	oducts can be emitted under ceratin processing	
limited to: burning, melt		-		
The following information	on is for the hazar	dous elements v	which may be released during processing.	
SECTION 2		Hazards identif	ication	
A. GHS classification of the s	substance/mixture	-		
		Carcinogenicity : Category 2		
		Mutagenicity : Category 2 Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B		
		Acute aquatic toxicity : Category 1		
		Chronic aquatic toxicity : Category 1		
B. GHS label elements, inclu	ding precautionary	statements		
* Pictogram and symbol	ang precationary		\land	
			\checkmark \checkmark	
* Signal word		Danger		
* Hazard statements		H332 Harmful if		
			l of causing genetic defects	
			l of causing cancer	
		H360 May dama H400 Very toxic	age fertility or the unborn child	
			to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
* Precautionary statemen	ts			
- Precaution		P201 Obtain spe	ecial instructions before use.	
		P202 Do not ha	ndle until all safety precautions have been read an	d understood.
			athing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray	
		-	outdoors or in a well-ventilated area	
			ase to the environment.	a protection (hearing
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.			Le protection/nearing	
- Treatment			SON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell	
		P391 Collect spi		
		-	NHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at re	est in a position
		com	fortable for breathing.	

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

- Storage

- Disposal

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

C. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

In the case of dust, powder, and fine particles, there is a possibility of an explosion when in contact with an ignition source

SECTION 3	Composition/information on ingredients			
Alloy no.	Chemical Name	Common Name(Synonyms)	CAS number	Content (%)
C64850	Copper	-	7440-50-8	Balance
	Cobalt	-	7440-48-4	1.5 ~ 1.7

* The products may contain small amounts of various elements in those specified, and are actually composed of copper, nickel, silicon and unintended impurities.

SECTION 4	First aid measures
A. Eye contact	Call emergency medical service.
A. Lye contact	In case of contact with substance, wipe from skin immediately; flush skin or eyes with
	running water for at least 20 minutes.
	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
B. Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and restrict entry to contaminated area.
	In case of contact with substance, wipe from skin immediately; flush skin or eyes with
	running water for at least 20 minutes.
C. Inhalation	Keep victim warm and quiet.
	Get medical advice/attention.
	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
D Indection	Do not use mouth to mouth method if victim ingested or inholed the substance:
D. Ingestion	Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or
	other proper respiratory medical device.
	Get medical advice/attention.
	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
E. Indication of immediate medical attention	Effects of contact or inhalation may be delayed.
	Exposures require specialized first aid with contact and medical follow-up .
	Fire fighting many user
SECTION 5	Fire fighting measures Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for
A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for
	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for dry sand, expanded vermiculite, expanded pearlite, water spray etc.
A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for
A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for dry sand, expanded vermiculite, expanded pearlite, water spray etc.
A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for dry sand, expanded vermiculite, expanded pearlite, water spray etc. Unsuitable extinguishing media : high pressure water
A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for dry sand, expanded vermiculite, expanded pearlite, water spray etc. Unsuitable extinguishing media : high pressure water May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames.
A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing mediaB. Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for dry sand, expanded vermiculite, expanded pearlite, water spray etc. Unsuitable extinguishing media : high pressure water May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Containers may explode when heated. Inhalation of material may be harmful.
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A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing mediaB. Specific hazards arising from the chemicalC. Special protective equipment and	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for dry sand, expanded vermiculite, expanded pearlite, water spray etc. Unsuitable extinguishing media : high pressure water May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Containers may explode when heated. Inhalation of material may be harmful. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. Fire involving Tanks; Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Fire involving Tanks; Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.
A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing mediaB. Specific hazards arising from the chemicalC. Special protective equipment and	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for dry sand, expanded vermiculite, expanded pearlite, water spray etc. Unsuitable extinguishing media : high pressure water May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Containers may explode when heated. Inhalation of material may be harmful. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. Fire involving Tanks; Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Fire involving Tanks; Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. In case or fire: Use personal protective equipment as required.
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 A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical C. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters 	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for dry sand, expanded vermiculite, expanded pearlite, water spray etc. Unsuitable extinguishing media : high pressure water May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Containers may explode when heated. Inhalation of material may be harmful. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. Fire involving Tanks; Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Fire involving Tanks; Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. In case or fire: Use personal protective equipment as required. Fire involving Tanks; Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. Accidental release measures : Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in Protective Equipment section.
 A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical C. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters 	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for dry sand, expanded vermiculite, expanded pearlite, water spray etc. Unsuitable extinguishing media : high pressure water May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Containers may explode when heated. Inhalation of material may be harmful. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. Fire involving Tanks; Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Fire involving Tanks; Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. In case or fire: Use personal protective equipment as required. Fire involving Tanks; Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. Accidental release measures : Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in Protective Equipment section. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.
 A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical C. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters 	Suitable extinguishing media: Covered fire extinguishers and powder fire extinguishers for dry sand, expanded vermiculite, expanded pearlite, water spray etc. Unsuitable extinguishing media : high pressure water May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Containers may explode when heated. Inhalation of material may be harmful. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. Fire involving Tanks; Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Fire involving Tanks; Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. In case or fire: Use personal protective equipment as required. Fire involving Tanks; Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. Accidental release measures : Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in Protective Equipment section.

B. Environmental precautions and protective procedures	Prevent entry to waterways
C. The methods of purification and removal	Absorb spills with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste
	container.
	Absorb the liquid and scrub the area with detergent and water.
	Avoid release to the environment.
	Collect spillage.
SECTION 7	Handling and storage
A. Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use.
	Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues.
	Avoid release to the environment.
	Please note that materials and conditions to avoid.
	Please work with reference to engineering controls and personal protective equipment.
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	Wash the handling area thoroughly after handling.
B. Conditions for safe storage	Store locked up.
	Store in a closed container.
	Store in cool and dry place.
	Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly returned to a
	drum control, or properly placed.
	Keep away from food and drinking water.
SECTION 8	Exposure controls/personal protection
A. Occupational Exposure limits	

* Domestic regulations	
Copper	TWA 1mg/m ³ , STEL 2mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
	TWA 0.1mg/m ³ (fume)
Cobalt	TWA 0.02mg/m ³
* ACGIH regulation	
Copper	TWA 0.2mg/m ³ (fume)
	TWA 1mg/m ³ (metal dust)
Cobalt	TWA 0.02mg/m ³
* Biological exposure index	
Cobalt	15 μg/L, End of shift at end of workweek
B. Appropriate engineering controls	Provide local exhaust ventilation system or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.
C. Personal protective equipment	
* Respiratory protection	Wear NIOSH or European Standard EN 149 approved full or half face piece (with goggles) respiratory protective equipment when necessary.
	In case exposed to particulate material, the respiratory protective equipments as follow are recommended. ; facepiece filtering respirator or air-putifying respirator, high-efficiency particulate air(HEPA) filter media or respirator equipped with powered fan, filter media of use(dust, fume)
	In lack of oxygen(< 19.6%), wear the supplied-air respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus.
* Eye protection	Wear safety goggles as follow if eye irritation or other disorder occur. - In case of gaseous state organic material: enclosed safety goggles
	 In case of vapour state organic material: safety goggles or breathable safety goggles In case of particulate material: breathable safety goggles
* Hand protection	An eye wash unit and safety shower station should be available nearby work place. Wear appropriate protective gloves by considering physical and chemical properties of chemicals.
* Body protection	Wear appropriate protective clothing by considering physical and chemical properties of chemicals.

SECTION 9	Physical and chemical properties
A. Appearance * Description	Solid
* Color	Red
B. Odor	Odorless
C. Odor threshold	Not available(No Data)
D. pH	Not available(No Data)
E. Melting point/freezing point	1080℃
F. Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available(No Data)
G. Flash point	Not available(No Data)
H. Evaporation rate	Not available(No Data)
I. Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available(No Data)
J. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available(No Data)
K. Vapor pressure	Not available(No Data)
L. Solubility (ies)	Insoluble
M. Vapor density	Not available(No Data)
N. Specific gravity	Not available(No Data)
O. Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	Not available(No Data)
P. Auto ignition temperature	Not available(No Data)
Q. Decomposition temperature	Not available(No Data)
R. Viscosity	Not available(No Data)
S. Molecular weight	Not available(No Data)
SECTION 10	Stability and reactivity
A. Chemical stability and Possibility of hazardous reactions	May decompose at high temperatures into forming toxic gases. Stable at room temperature, normal pressure and normal use.
	Inhalation of material may be harmful.
	Containers may explode when heated.
B. Conditions to avoid	Ignition sources (heat, sparks or flames)
C. Incompatible materials	Flammable material, acids, oxidizing agents, alkalis
D. Hazardous decomposition products	Irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases
SECTION 11	Toxicological information
 A. Information of Health Hazardous * Acute toxicity 	
- Oral	ATEmix >2000 (mg/kg) \rightarrow Not classified
Copper	LD50 >2500mg/kg rat(male)(OECD Guideline 423)(read-aross: Copper oxide)(ECHA)
Cobalt	LD50 ca. 550 mg/kg rat(female)(OECD Guideline 425)(ECHA)
- Dermal	ATEmix >2000 (mg/kg) → Not classified

Copper	LD50 >2000mg/kg rat(OECD Guideline 402)(read-aross: Copper oxide)(ECHA)
Cobalt	LD50 >2000 mg/kg rat(read-across: Cobalt(II) 4-oxopent-2-en-2-olate CAS No. 14024-48-7)
	(ECHA)
Inhalation	Dust/mist ATEmix >1 (mg/L) \rightarrow Categoty 4
Copper	Dust/mist LC50 > 5.11mg/L 4hr rat (OECD Guideline 436)(Coated copper flakes)(ECHA)
Cobalt	Dust/mist LC50 < 0.05mg/L 4hr rat (OECD Guideline 436)(ECHA)
Skin corrosion/ irritation	Not classified
Copper	No irritation observed (Species: rabbit) (OECD Guideline 404) (read-aross: Copper oxide) (ECHA)
Cobalt	Not classified as an irritant (EU Method B.46)(ECHA)
Serious eye damage/ irritation	Not classified
Copper	No irritation observed (Species: rabbit) (OECD Guideline 405) (read-aross: Copper oxide)
	(ECHA)
Cobalt	Cobalt powder is considered to be an eye irritant.(OECD Guideline 437, EU method B.47) (ECHA)
Respiratory sensitization	Not available(No Data)
Skin sensitization	Not classified
Copper	Not sensitizing (species: guinea pig) (OECD Guideline 406) (analog: Copper oxide) (ECHA)
Cobalt	Not available(No Data)
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH	Not classified
Notification of Ministry of Employment and Labor	Cobalt: 2
IARC	Cobalt: 2B
OSHA	Not classified
ACGIH	Cobalt: A3
NTP	Not classified
EU CLP	Not classified
Mutagenicity	Category 2
Copper	in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria results :
Сорреі	
	NEGATIVE(Species: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 and S. typhimurium
	TA 1538)(OECDGuideline 471)(ECHA)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate
	CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA)
	in vivo- mammalian somatic cell study: cytogenicity / erythrocyte micronucleus results
	NEGATIVE(Species: mouse)(EU Method B.12)(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate
	CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA)
Cobalt	in vitro- gene mutation study in bacteria : POSITIVE cobalt showed and increased revertant
	rate in S. typhimurium strain TA98 in the absence of S9 metabolic activation, but not in the presence of S9 metabolic activation. The responses observed were weak and not well
	correlated with dose level, hence are of questionable biological relevance(Species:
	S. typhimurium TA 98)
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Copper	As a result of the second generation reproductive toxicity test, no reproductive toxicity was
	observed at any concentration (species: rat) (OECD Guideline 416)
	(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8) (ECHA)
	As a result of the developmental toxicity test, the mean fetal weight was slightly lower and th
	incidence of skeletal mutation was slightly increased, but was not related to teratogenesis,
	preimplantation loss, or fetal death 6 mg/kg (Species: rabbit) (OECD Guideline 414)
	(read-across: copper (1+) hydroxide CAS No. 1344-69-0) (ECHA)
Cobalt	Effects on the reproduction / Effects on the development of the conceptus and the
	F1-offspring (pups): An increased F1-offspring mortality rate and a slightly decreased viability
	index were noted from 100 mg cobalt powder/kg bw/day onwards (species: rat) (OECD
	Guideline 422)(ECHA)
Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified
single exposure)	
	As a result of the dermal acute toxicity test, no clinical signs indicative of harmful or serious
Lopper	, ,
Copper	toxicity were observed no deaths were found
Copper	toxicity were observed, no deaths were found
Copper	toxicity were observed, no deaths were found (read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate) (ECHA) Not available(No Data)

(repeat exposure)

Copper	Oral (subchronic)- LOAELs for liver damage were 1000 ppm (cancer) and 2000 ppm (male),
	and results for kidney damage were considered toxicologically insignificant due to their
	species-specific tendencies (species: rat). (EU Method B.26)
	(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8) (ECHA)
	Inhalation (subacute)- Not classified as no serious effects were observed as a result of the test
	(Species: rat) (OECD Guideline 412) (read-across: Copper oxide) (ECHA)
Cobalt	Oral- NOAEL 3 mg/kg bw/day (species: rat)(OECD Guideline 408)(read-across: Cobalt
	dichloride CAS No. 7646-79-9)(ECHA)
Aspiration Hazard	Not available(No Data)

* Aspiration Hazard Not available(No Data)

SECTION 12

A. Ecological toxicity

* Fish	
Copper	LC50 38.4~256.2µg/L 96hr Pimephales promelas
	(read-across: copper sulfate CAS No. 7758-98-7)(ECHA)
Cobalt	NOEC 2 mg/L 96hr Danio rerio (ECHA)
* Crustacean	
Copper	EC50 31.8µg/L 48hr Ceriodaphnia dubia(ECHA)
Cobalt	EC50 > 100 mg/L 48hr (Daphnia magna)(OECD Guideline 202, EU Method C.2)(ECHA)
* Algae	
Copper	EC50 32~245µg/L 72hr Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
	(read-across: Copper sulphate pentahydrate CAS No. 7758-99-8)(ECHA)
Cobalt	EC50 20, 270 μg/L 70hr Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata(OECD Guideline 201, EU Method C.3)
	(ECHA)

Ecological information

B. Persistence and degradability

* Persistence	Not available(No Data)
* Degradability	Not available(No Data)
. Bioaccumulative potential	
* Bioaccumulation	Not available(No Data)
* Biodegradation	Not available(No Data)

D. Mobility in soil

Not available(No Data)

E. Other hazardous effect

C.

Γ	Copper	Fish: NOEC 57.8, 109µg/L 96hr 32day Cyprinodon variegatus (OECD Guideline 210)
		(read-across: Copper (II) chloride dihydrate CAS No. 10125-13-0)(ECHA)
		Crustacean: NOEC 21.5~181µg/L 21day Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 211)
		(read-across: Copper sulphate CAS No. 7758-98-7)(ECHA)
		Algae: NOEC 37.6~170.8µg/L 72hr Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
		(read-across: copper chloride)(OECD Guideline 201)(ECHA)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations A. Disposal method Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations. B. Disposal precaution Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulation. Refer to manufacturer or supplier for information on recovery or recycling. SECTION 14 **Transport information** A. UN Number Not regulated B. UN Proper shipping name Not regulated C. Transport Hazard class Not regulated D. Packing group Not regulated

E. Environmental hazards

Not regulated

F. Special precautions

Not regulated

- * in case of fire
- * in case of leakage

* in case of leakage	
SECTION 15	Regulatory information
A. U.S.A Regulatory information & Other regu	ulations
* U.S.A Regulatory information	
- U.S.A management information (CERCLA Regulation)	Copper(2270 kg (5000 lb))
- U.S.A management information (EPCRA 302 Regulation)	Not regulated
- U.S.A management information (EPCRA 304 Regulation)	Not regulated
- U.S.A management information (EPCRA 313 Regulation)	Copper(regulated)
* Other regulations	
- Substance of Rotterdam Convention	Not regulated
- Substance of Stockholm Convention	Not regulated
- Substance of Montreal Protocol	Not regulated
- Harmonised classification	Copper(Aquatic Chronic 2(H411))
- Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No	Cobalt(Resp. Sens. 1, Muta. 2, Carc. 1B Skin Sens. 1, Aquatic Chronic 4, Repr. 1B)
1272/2008 (CLP Regulation)	
SECTION 16	Other information
A. Information source and references	CAMEO Chemicals (steam pressure)
	ECHA (Generative toxicity, crustaceans, epigrams, percutaneous, other harmful effects, melting points/fish points, reproductive cell mutation, severe eye damage or irritation, fish, spontaneous combustion temperature, algae, specific target organ toxicity (repetitive exposure), dermatologic toxicity, skin corrosion or irritation, inhalation) ECHA Registered substances(Weight, characteristics) EPISUITE(Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (kow)) HSDB(Odor, color, initial boiling point and boiling point range)) ICSC(solubility)
	pubchem(molecular weight)
	Self test analysis data (Ulsan site Quality Assurance Team)
B. Issuing date	March 25, 2022
C. Revision number and date * revision number * date of the latest revision	Ver. 1 June 29, 2022
D. Others	This Material Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared according to the GHS (Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals) standards of Korea. This data does not guarantee product quality, but describes safety, health and environmental issues for handling under normal conditions. If the properties of the product are changed due to heating or processing according to the usage method, please check the additional safety and health information before use. In addition, this information may be revised without prior notice, and materials can be provided through our website (www.poongsan.co.kr).

For other details, please contact our Safety Environment Team or Quality Assurance Team.